



NAB Purchasing and Corporate Card Electronic Banking Conditions

Terms and conditions

Effective date 1 September 2023

Contents

Summary of important information	3
NAB Purchasing and Corporate Cards Electronic Banking Conditions	5
Application of NAB Purchasing and Corporate Cards Electronic Banking Conditions	5
Limits on EFT transactions	6
Card based electronic banking facilities	7
Operation of card based electronic banking services	9
Responsibilities and liabilities	13
Complaints	19
Changes and notice provisions	20
Banking Code	23
Discretions	23
Governing law	23
Meaning of words	24

Summary of important information

Customer Service

You can contact us by:

- calling **13 10 12** and select the option to speak to a Customer Service Representative;
- visiting our website **nab.com.au**;
- hearing impaired customers with telephone typewriters can contact us via the National Relay Service on 13 36 77.

Lost/stolen cards/compromised Personal Identification Numbers (PINs)

If your physical card has been lost/stolen and/or your PIN is compromised or divulged you must immediately notify NAB and provide any information about how the loss/incident occurred by calling one of the following numbers, or using any other means NAB makes available to you.

Within Australia

- Freecall 1800 033 103 (24 hours a day – toll free)

If Overseas

- International code +613 8641 9121

If a device carrying a card is lost or stolen, please visit either **apple.com/au/apple-pay** for Apple devices or **support.google.com/googlepay** for Android devices for information on how to delete card(s) in Apple Pay and/or your Google Pay app. Deleting a card from Apple Pay and/or the Google Pay app will not impact your ability to use your underlying card.

A virtual card may be cancelled and a new one reissued within FlexiPurchase or NAB Expense Control (if you are subscribed to either service). For additional support, please contact your Authorised Officer.

Unauthorised transactions

If you believe there has been an unauthorised transaction using your card and/or card account details, please notify NAB by calling 13 10 12 and select the option to speak to a Customer Service Representative.

NAB PIN

Only physical cards are issued with a PIN. You may change your PIN as frequently as you wish at selected NAB Automatic Teller Machines ('ATMs') or by visiting a NAB branch. Refer to clause 5.5 for further guidance on PIN selection. For a complete list of ATM locations, please contact NAB by:

- visiting **nab.com.au**; or
- calling **13 10 12** and select the option to speak to a Customer Service Representative.

Things you should know

NAB recommends that you review your transaction history on a regular basis. This can assist in helping you identify unauthorised transactions in a timely manner.

NAB Purchasing and Corporate Cards Electronic Banking Conditions

The rights and obligations outlined in these terms and conditions comply with the Banking Code to the extent that it is applicable. They apply to both a cardholder and an accountholder for electronic banking that is used with certain types of banking facilities (see clause 1.3 for further information about whether these terms and conditions apply to your facility).

1. Application of NAB Purchasing and Corporate Cards Electronic Banking Conditions

1.1 When do these terms and conditions apply?

These terms and conditions are binding on you upon receipt of the card or card account details, whichever is received first.

However, note clause 5.5 and the guidelines on security in clause 5.6 apply immediately upon you receiving or selecting the PIN.

1.2 Terms and conditions relating to EFT transactions

These terms and conditions apply to EFT transactions on your nominated accounts. These include, but are not limited to, EFT transactions initiated by you:

- (a) at NAB ATMs using your physical card and PIN;
- (b) at ATMs provided by other institutions using your physical card and PIN;
- (c) at EFTPOS facilities provided by merchants using your physical card and PIN;
- (d) using your card account details through other electronic equipment;
- (e) where a physical card is used through a 'swipe-only' device that does not require a manual signature; and

- (f) at a contactless reader using a physical card or card details.

This may include the use of card details in conjunction with a mobile phone or other electronic device which enables the electronic storage and/or use of the card.

1.3 Other terms and conditions

These terms and conditions apply where the letter of offer or terms and conditions of your account refer to the NAB Purchasing and Corporate Cards Electronic Banking Conditions. They do not contain all of the conditions relevant to the use of cards or the account.

Separate terms and conditions exist for credit cards issued by NAB and for the credit account which may be used in conjunction with these credit cards.

1.4 Accountholder to ensure distribution

Accountholders must ensure that each cardholder is provided with a copy of these terms and conditions before any of the events referred to in clause 1.1 occur.

2. Limits on EFT transactions

2.1 Nominated accounts

No other accounts can be nominated or added to a NAB Purchasing and Corporate Card account.

2.2 Amounts withdrawn or transferred

NAB reserves the right to limit the amount which may be withdrawn or transferred from a nominated account by way of certain EFT transactions.

A 'daily' limit applies from midnight to midnight Australian Eastern Standard Time or Australian Eastern Standard Summer Time (whichever is applicable).

The daily limit applies to all ATM cash withdrawals.

You will be advised of these specific limits when issued with a card, and you will be subsequently advised of any change to these limits. The limits

advised by NAB are not an undertaking by NAB to so limit the amounts withdrawn by use of NAB's card based electronic banking facilities. However, the advised limit does limit your liability for unauthorised transactions (see clause 5).

2.3 Valid and irrevocable authority

Your use of a card, card account details or PIN through electronic equipment to initiate an EFT transaction is an unchangeable order to NAB to process the EFT transaction. Neither a cardholder nor an account holder may request NAB to stop or alter the EFT transaction. However, the account holder's liability for the EFT transaction could be limited in terms of clause 5.3.

3. Card based electronic banking facilities

3.1 NAB ATMs

Subject to the terms and conditions applying to your nominated account, your physical card and PIN enable you to use NAB's ATMs as determined by NAB.

NAB's ATMs allow you to withdraw funds and check your account balances. Some NAB ATMs may also allow you to change your PIN.

It is your responsibility to familiarise yourself with the correct use of ATMs. If you are unsure or require assistance in the operation of the ATM, please seek assistance from NAB's branch staff or contact NAB using the 'Customer Service' details in 'Summary of important information' at the front of this document.

3.2 ATMs provided by other institutions

ATMs provided by other institutions accepting cards may allow you to withdraw funds. Institutions providing other ATMs accepting cards may impose their own fees and restrictions on the operation of the cards with their ATMs including limits to the amounts which may be withdrawn and the accounts which may be accessed. NAB accepts no responsibility for such fees and restrictions.

3.3 EFTPOS terminals provided by merchants

EFTPOS terminals allow you to pay for purchases. Merchants providing EFTPOS terminals accepting cards may impose their own fees and restrictions on the operation of the cards with their EFTPOS terminals. NAB accepts no responsibility for such fees and restrictions.

3.4 Other transactions through electronic equipment

(Such as using a merchant internet site on a computer or by communicating through telephone or electronic mail with a merchant). The merchant or other person may impose their own restrictions on these EFT transactions (such as a purchase at a merchant using a contactless reader). Contactless readers give you the option of making purchases up to the limit notified to you by NAB. NAB has no control over whether a merchant will accept this form of contactless purchase. The merchant or other person may impose their own restrictions on these EFT transactions.

NAB accepts no responsibility for any such restrictions in connection with any such transactions through electronic equipment.

Note: Using digital wallets on mobile phones and other electronic devices.

Irrespective of the value of the purchase, you may not be required to enter a PIN in the contactless reader when making a contactless purchase where the electronic equipment is an eligible electronic device (for example a mobile phone or wearable device). You will be notified about this at the time you enrol for the digital wallet.

3.5 Functionality

The processing of an EFT transaction to a particular account will depend on the functionality of the electronic equipment.

NAB accepts no responsibility for this differing functionality.

3.6 Fees

Fees may apply to any EFT transaction you undertake with NAB's card based electronic banking facilities, the amount and nature of which are detailed in the letter of offer and the 'Business Banking Fees-a guide to fees and charges', as applicable.

4. Operation of card based electronic banking services

4.1 Receipts

- (a) It is desirable for you to retain or record receipts to verify your account statements;
- (b) The issuing of a receipt by an EFTPOS terminal or ATM may be accepted as evidence that the transaction has been performed by NAB in terms of the receipt.
- (c) When making a contactless purchase you must check the correct amount of the purchase is displayed on the contactless reader or on the merchant register.

4.2 Statements

- (a) Credit card account statements may be provided under the terms of the credit card's specific terms and conditions. For all other nominated accounts, a statement is issued in accordance with the terms and conditions for the nominated account(s). The statements may be provided to the accountholder.
- (b) For the purposes of preparing statements, NAB reserves the right to show an EFT transaction as having been carried out on the next or subsequent business day after the day(s) the transaction was made.

4.3 Reviewing statements of account

You should always review your statements of account and bring to NAB's attention any discrepancies, errors or unauthorised transactions as soon as possible. If you wish to dispute an EFT transaction, you must report this to NAB. Please refer to the 'Customer Service' details in 'Summary of important information' at the front of this document. You should report any unauthorised transactions to NAB as quickly as possible (and certainly no later than 120 days after transaction date on your receipt or statement). Your ability to obtain a refund may be affected by any delay in raising your concerns.

4.4 Discrepancies in cash delivered by an ATM

When withdrawing cash from an ATM, you should immediately check that the correct sum has been delivered. If there is a discrepancy between the amount of cash delivered by an ATM, and the amount shown on the receipt, report the facts as soon as possible to NAB. Please refer to the 'ATM emergency' details in the 'Summary of important information' at the front of this document.

4.5 Cards

Remember to take proper care of your physical card and card account details. Do not keep your physical card in contact with other cards that have a magnetic strip. Magnetic strips can react with each other and if this occurs your physical card may no longer operate in a ATM or EFTPOS terminal.

- (a) Your physical card is issued with an expiry date denoting month and year e.g. 03/20 is March 2020. Your physical card is valid from the date of issue. Your physical card is not valid after the expiry date which is the last day of the month. Expired physical cards must be destroyed.
- (b) Your virtual card is issued with a 16 digit card number, CVV and expiry date. Virtual cards will also have additional minimum controls in place upon issue such as a spend limit and valid date

range (the dates during which the card will remain valid for use unless cancelled earlier). A virtual card may expire at any time on the last day of the valid date range or the day following that date. Subject to these terms and conditions, you are liable for any spending which occurs on your virtual card, even if the spending occurs after the last day of the valid date range.

- (c) Your card remains the property of NAB. You further agree to return the physical card to NAB or destroy the physical card by cutting it vertically in half through its magnetic strip upon:
 - (i) notice from NAB cancelling your card;
 - (ii) closure of all your nominated accounts; or
 - (iii) revocation of authority to operate your nominated accounts by means of your card.
- (d) Your physical card may be confiscated by an ATM if you repeat invalid PIN entries. The number of additional entries allowed after the first invalid entry may be varied at NAB's discretion and is not subject to any prior notice.

4.6 EFTPOS malfunction

In the event of an EFTPOS terminal malfunction or failure, the merchant may provide alternative manual procedures to enable a transaction to be made. You will be required to present your physical card for imprinting of a transaction voucher and sign the transaction voucher. (The procedure is similar to that used for paper voucher credit card transactions.) NAB reserves the right to vary the manual procedure at any time.

If the card is closed or has insufficient funds available at the time the paper voucher is processed, the funds will be debited from your Corporate Card billing account.

The alternative manual procedures may only be used with a physical card. There may not be an alternative manual procedure available for virtual cards.

4.7 Merchants

NAB will not be liable for the refusal of any merchant to accept card details and/or card, or card account details.

Any complaints concerning goods and services purchased must generally be resolved with the merchant. In some circumstances NAB may be able to lodge a claim to request a refund for you under the card scheme's rules for disputed transactions. Details about chargeback rights and the procedures for disputing transactions are described in the 'Summary of important information' at the front of this document and may be further described in the terms and conditions applying to the account. You should report any disputed transactions as quickly as possible (and certainly no later than 120 days after the transaction date on your receipt or statement) as your ability to obtain a refund may be affected by any delay in raising your concerns.

4.8 Promotional material

Promotional material referring to NAB's card based electronic banking facilities that is displayed on or in any premises, is not to be taken as a warranty by NAB, or by the merchant carrying on a business in those premises, that all goods and services may be purchased by means of an EFT transaction. You also accept that the use of your card and card account details may be subject to other limitations imposed by the merchant.

5. Responsibilities and liabilities

5.1 Your responsibilities with respect to the card and card details

If NAB issues a card to you then you must:

- (a) if the card is a physical card, sign the card immediately on receipt;
- (b) keep physical cards in a safe place, and provide reasonable protection for the card and card account details from theft;
- (c) if the card is a virtual card, only store your card details using a safe and password protected or biometrically secured platform or app;
- (d) notify NAB if you believe your card, card account details or any device through which card account details may be used is lost or stolen (see clause 5.7 for further details);
- (e) advise any change of address (refer to the 'Customer Service' details in 'Summary of important information' at the front of this document);
- (f) use the card in accordance with these NAB Electronic Banking terms and conditions;
- (g) destroy an expired physical card; and
- (h) if a temporary physical card has been issued to you, you agree to destroy it upon receipt of a personalised physical card.

5.2 General responsibility

The accountholder is generally responsible for all EFT transactions authorised by the use of the card and/ or PIN and/ or the card account details (including through the use of a mobile phone or other electronic device) or undertaken by another person with your knowledge and/ or consent. The accountholder's liability for any use not authorised by you may however be limited as provided below.

5.3 No accountholder liability in some circumstances

The accountholder is not liable for losses:

- (a) that are caused by the fraudulent or negligent conduct of NAB's employees or agents or companies involved in networking arrangements or of merchants or of their agents or employees;
- (b) arising because the PIN, card account details or card is forged, faulty, expired, or cancelled;
- (c) that arise from EFT transactions which required the use of your card or card account details or your PIN and that occurred before you received the card or card account details or before you received or selected your PIN where a PIN is required to complete the transaction;
- (d) that are caused by the same EFT transaction being incorrectly debited more than once to the same account;
- (e) resulting from unauthorised transactions occurring after notification to NAB that the card or card account details have been misused, lost or stolen or the security of the PIN has been breached; or
- (f) resulting from unauthorised transactions where it is clear that you have not contributed to such losses.

5.4 Accountholder liability for unauthorised transactions

The accountholder is liable for losses resulting from unauthorised transactions as provided below:

- (a) where NAB can prove on the balance of probability that you contributed to the losses through your fraud or your contravention of the security requirements in clause 5.5 the accountholder is liable for the actual losses which occur before NAB is notified that the card has been misused, lost or stolen or that the security of the PIN has been breached; and

- (b) the accountholder is also liable where NAB can prove on the balance of probability that you contributed to losses resulting from unauthorised transactions because you unreasonably delayed notifying NAB after becoming aware of the misuse, loss or theft of the card or card details, or that the security of the PIN has been breached. The accountholder will then be liable for the actual losses which occur between the time you became aware (or should reasonably have become aware in the case of a lost or stolen card or card account details) and when NAB was actually notified.

However, in relation to (a) and (b) above, the accountholder is not liable for any of the following amounts:

- (i) that portion of the losses incurred on any one day which exceed the applicable daily transaction limit(s);
 - (ii) that portion of the losses incurred in a period which exceeds any other periodic transaction limit(s) applicable to that period;
 - (iii) that portion of the total losses incurred on any account which exceeds the balance of that account (including any prearranged credit); or
 - (iv) all losses incurred on any accounts which the accountholder and NAB had not agreed could be accessed using the card or PIN.
- (c) where a PIN was required to perform the unauthorised transactions and neither paragraph (a) nor (b) applies, the accountholder is liable for the least of:
 - (i) \$150; or
 - (ii) the balance of those account(s) (including any prearranged credit) from which value was transferred in the unauthorised transactions and which NAB and the accountholder have agreed may be accessed using the PIN; or

- (iii) the actual loss at the time NAB is notified (where relevant) that the card has been misused, lost or stolen or that the security of the PIN has been breached (excluding that portion of the losses incurred on any one day which exceeds any applicable daily transaction or other periodic transaction limit(s)).
- (d) the accountholder is liable for losses arising from unauthorised transactions that occur because you contributed to the losses by leaving a card in an ATM.

5.5 Your responsibilities

- (a) Where NAB provides you with a PIN you must not:
 - (i) voluntarily disclose the PIN to anyone including a family member or friend;
 - (ii) record the PIN on your card or on any article carried with the card or liable to loss or theft simultaneously with the card; and
 - (iii) act with extreme carelessness in failing to protect the security of the PIN (for example by failing to comply with guidelines in clause 5.6).
- (b) Where NAB allows you to select a PIN or change your PIN you must not select:
 - (i) a numeric code which represents your birth date; or
 - (ii) an alphabetical code which is a recognisable part of your name.

Either of these selections may mean you are liable for losses caused by unauthorised transactions caused by a breach of your PIN.

- (c) Where you store a virtual card or physical card details on a platform or an app, you must ensure that the platform or app is password protected or biometrically secured and that you are the only person who has access to that platform or app.

5.6 Guidelines

You should also comply with these guidelines to protect the security of your card, card account details and PIN and thus reduce the possibility of any inconvenience to you:

- (a) do not permit any other person to use the card and/or card account details (including through a mobile phone or other electronic device);
- (b) destroy the PIN envelope (if any) after memorising the PIN;
- (c) take reasonable care when using your ATM, or EFTPOS terminal to ensure your PIN is not disclosed to any other person; and
- (d) should you require a memory aid to recall your PIN you may make such a record providing the record is reasonably disguised. However, NAB does not consider the following examples to provide a reasonable disguise and you agree not to:
 - (i) record the disguised PIN on your card;
 - (ii) disguise a PIN by reversing the number sequence;
 - (iii) describe the disguised record as a 'PIN record' or 'Password record';
 - (iv) disguise the PIN as a telephone number, part of a telephone number, postcode or date of birth; or
 - (v) disguise the PIN using alphabetical characters, eg. A = 1, B = 2, C = 3 etc
- (e) follow any other reasonable instructions NAB gives you in relation to selecting a PIN.

There may be other forms of disguise which may be similarly unsuitable because of the ease of another person discerning your PIN.

Please note all the guidelines set out in clause 5.6 are for your assistance but your liability in the case of an actual loss will be governed by clause 5.5 in this document. However, you should take care to meet the guidelines set out in clause 5.6 as a failure to meet these guidelines may in some circumstances constitute an act of extreme carelessness under clause 5.5(a)(iii).

5.7 Advising NAB

If you believe your card or card account details (or any devices through which card account details may be used) have been lost or stolen, your PIN divulged or that there has been misuse of your card or card account details, you must notify NAB as soon as possible. Please refer to NAB's 'Lost/stolen cards/compromised Personal Identification Numbers (PINs)' details in 'Summary of important information' at the front of this document, or any other means NAB makes available to you.

Once NAB has been notified of these matters the accountholder's liability for further EFT transactions will be limited.

Where telephone facilities or other means are not available during particular periods, any losses occurring during these periods that were due to non-notification are deemed to be the liability of NAB, providing notification is made to NAB within a reasonable time of the facility again becoming available.

NAB will acknowledge your report and you should record or retain this acknowledgement.

5.8 Liability under credit card scheme

Notwithstanding the above where you notify NAB of an unauthorised transaction on a credit card, NAB will not hold the accountholder liable for an amount greater than the liability the accountholder would have had if NAB had, at the time the complaint was made, exercised its rights (to the extent relevant) under the rules of the credit card scheme.

5.9 Failure of NAB electronic equipment

NAB will not be liable to you for any loss, claim, liability or outgoing, including without limitation any consequential loss or liability, which you suffer because of any failure of NAB's systems or NAB's electronic equipment to complete that EFT transaction.

6. Complaints

For information about resolving problems or disputes, contact NAB on **1800 152 015**, or contact your NAB Banker.

You can obtain information on NAB's internal dispute resolution procedure at **nab.com.au/complaints**.

If despite NAB's resolutions procedures, NAB cannot resolve the complaint and you want the matter investigated by someone independent, NAB is a participant in the Australian Financial Complaints Authority (AFCA). This service is funded by participating banks but operates independently of them. AFCA offers help free of charge to applicants who are individuals and small businesses (as defined by the terms of reference) and otherwise come within the jurisdiction of AFCA. NAB is bound by whatever AFCA decides but you are not bound and can ultimately take the matter to court if you wish.

AFCA can be contacted at:

Telephone: **1800 931 678** (free call)

Website: **afca.org.au**

Email: **info@afca.org.au**

Postal address:

Australian Financial Complaints Authority

GPO Box 3

Melbourne VIC 3001

7. Changes and notice provisions

7.1 Changes NAB may make

NAB may need to make changes to these Purchasing and Corporate Cards Electronic Banking Conditions from time to time. NAB may make changes without your consent. NAB promises to act reasonably when it makes any changes.

7.2 Types of changes NAB may make

For example, NAB may make the following types of changes without your consent:

- (a) introduce a new fee or charge (including the introduction or increase of charges relating solely to the use of your card or PIN or card account details or the issue of an additional card or PIN or card account details);
- (b) change the daily limit that can be withdrawn from your card;
- (c) change the time during which the daily limit applies to purchases and withdrawals of cash undertaken using a card or PIN; and
- (d) increase your liability for losses relating to EFT transactions.

NAB may also make other changes to these Purchasing and Corporate Cards Electronic Banking Conditions without your consent from time to time (for example to reflect changes in the way an electronic banking facility operates). If you disagree with any variations to the NAB Purchasing and Corporate Card Conditions of Use, you may request the Customer to cancel your card.

7.3 When NAB will notify you of change

NAB will give you at least 30 days' notice of any change, except as follows:

- (a) If you are a small business (as defined in the NAB Purchasing and Corporate Cards Facility Terms and Conditions) and NAB reasonably considers a change (other than a change to interest rates) will be unfavourable to you and the same change is not being made to similar facilities of

NAB's other small business customers, we will give you at least 90 days' prior written notice of the change;

- (b) NAB may give you a shorter notice period, if it is reasonable for us to manage a material and immediate risk;
- (c) If there is a change to, or introduction of a government charge that you pay, in which case NAB will tell you about it reasonably promptly after the government notifies us of it (however NAB does not have to notify you if it is publicised by the government); and
- (d) If there is a change that reduces your obligations (for example, a reduction in a fee or charge), NAB may give you a shorter notice period, or no notice period (in which case NAB will give particulars of any such change as soon as reasonably possible after the change takes effect), however NAB will only give you shorter notice or no notice where this is not inconsistent with NAB's obligations under the Banking Code.

7.4 Methods of communication

- (a) Subject to this clause 7.4, NAB may give you notices electronically or in writing (including by way of statements included on your statement of account or to the extent consistent with the Banking Code by advertising in national or local media).
- (b) To the extent permitted by law and subject to clause 7.5, notices, statements, certificates, consents, approvals and other communications in connection with the terms and conditions in this booklet from NAB, may be given electronically:
 - (i) by electronic means, including by SMS, electronic mail to your nominated electronic address or push notification to any NAB app NAB may make available to you;
 - (ii) by making it available at NAB's website;

- (iii) if you use an online banking service provided by NAB (e.g. NAB Internet Banking or NAB Connect), by being made available through that service; or
- (iv) by any other means NAB agrees with you.
- (c) Where communications are made available through NAB's website or through a NAB online banking service, NAB will let you know the information is there by sending you an SMS or email to the contact details NAB has on file, or by push notification from any NAB app or any other agreed method.
- (d) You can choose to receive notices or statements in paper by giving NAB notice. Where your product or service is designed exclusively for electronic use, paper notices and statements are only available in limited circumstances.

7.5 For the purposes of clause 7.2(d):

- (a) You may request a paper copy of a communication given electronically within six months of the electronic copy being received or made available.
- (b) A communication is deemed to be received when the communication enters the recipient's designated information system or is capable of being viewed from a recipient's computer, and is effective when received even if no person is aware of its receipt.
- (c) For the purposes of communications sent by electronic mail and the '*Electronic Transactions Act 1999 (Cth)*', the server on which the mailbox for the designated address resides is to be taken to be the recipient's designated information system.
- (d) A communication is deemed to be sent from where the sender has their place of business and is deemed to be received where the recipient has their place of business.

For the purposes of this clause:

- (i) if the sender or recipient has more than one place of business, the place of business is the sender's or recipient's principal place of business; and
- (ii) if the sender or recipient does not have a place of business, the place of business is the sender's or recipient's usual place.

8. Banking Code

NAB has adopted the Banking Code and relevant provisions of the Banking Code apply to this banking service, if you are an individual or a small business (as defined in the NAB Purchasing and Corporate Cards Facility Terms and Conditions).

You can obtain from NAB upon request:

- (a) information on NAB's current interest rates and standard fees and charges relating to this banking service if any; and
- (b) a copy of the Banking Code.

To find out more about the Banking Code, visit **nab.com.au** and look up 'Banking Code'.

9. Discretions

When we exercise a right or discretion under these terms and conditions or terms and conditions applying to your card or nominated account, like considering a request you make or deciding whether or not to do something, we'll do it in a way that is fair and reasonable. This includes when we make changes to these terms and conditions under clause 7.

We can take a range of things into account when exercising our rights and discretions. These can include:

- (a) our legal obligations, industry codes and payment scheme rules and the expectations of our regulators;
- (b) protecting our customers, staff our and systems and the personal information we hold;

- (c) what you have told us about yourself and how you will use our products and services (including if it's misleading, incorrect or you haven't provided us with all of the information we reasonably need when asked);
- (d) how our products and services are intended to be used (and how you have used them);
- (e) our public statements, including those relating to protecting vulnerable persons, the environment or sustainability;
- (f) community expectations and any adverse impact on our reputation;
- (g) whether we need to take any action to protect you or another person from a potential fraud or scam; and
- (h) risk management, including sanctions risk management.

Where our terms and conditions say that:

- (i) you are responsible for any transactions or payment to us (including for a loss that we suffer or a cost we incur); or
- (j) we are not responsible to you for something (including for a loss you suffer or a cost you incur), then we will not rely on that term for any part of the loss or cost caused by our fraud, negligence or misconduct.

10. Governing law

Our agreement is governed by the laws of Victoria. Any court cases involving our agreement can be held in the courts of any State or Territory of Australia with jurisdiction. We'll give any legal protections available to you in the State or Territory in which you live.

11. Meaning of words

The following definitions apply throughout these NAB Purchasing and Corporate Card Electronic Banking Conditions unless otherwise stated:

‘accountholder’ means a person who has an account in their own name or, if in joint names, in respect of which NAB may act on the instructions of any one or more of them.

‘ATM’ means Automatic Teller Machine.

‘Authorised Officer’ means an individual appointed by the accountholder and is responsible for performing all cardholder approvals and general maintenance activities on your Corporate Card account.

‘Banking Code’ means the version of the Banking Code of Practice as published by the Australian Banking Association which applies, or that we agree applies, to your facility.

‘business day’ means a day other than a Saturday or Sunday or a day gazetted as a public holiday throughout Australia.

‘business EFT transaction’ means the part of an electronic funds transfer which is the debiting of value from or crediting of value to an account that is designed by NAB primarily for use by a business and established primarily for business purposes.

‘card’ means a physical or virtual card issued by NAB for use in relation to your Corporate Card account.

It may include NAB Debit Card, Visa credit card and Deposit Only Cards.

‘card account details’ means:

- (a) your card number; and
- (b) your card expiry date, as set out on your card or any representation of those details which allow a transaction to be performed.

‘cardholder’ means a person who has been issued a card or any other person who has been nominated by an accountholder to operate on a nominated account and who has been issued a card, or otherwise authorised by an accountholder to use an accountholder’s card or card account details.

‘contactless authorisation method’ means the method of confirming your authority to make a contactless purchase, if any.

‘contactless purchase’ is a method of authorising purchases:

- (a) by waving or tapping a card (which is capable of making a contactless purchase) in front of a contactless reader without having to insert or swipe the card; or
- (b) when available, waving or tapping an eligible electronic device (for example a mobile phone or wearable device) in front of a contactless reader to transmit card account details using Near Field Communication and complying with any required contactless authentication method.

‘contactless reader’ is an electronic device at a merchant which can be used to make a contactless purchase.

‘digital wallet’ means an application on your electronic device (for example a mobile phone or wearable device) or an online platform that stores your card account details which allows you to make a contactless purchase.

‘EFTPOS terminal’ means an Electronic Funds Transfer at Point of Sale terminal.

‘EFT transaction’ means a funds transfer to or from an account which is initiated through electronic equipment using a card details and/or card, card account details or PIN or contactless authentication method (or a combination of one or more of them) to debit or credit a nominated account but does not include:

- (a) any funds transfer which is authorised by a cardholder physically signing a document; or
- (b) any funds transfer through a NAB channel with separate terms and conditions such as:
 - (i) NAB Telephone Banking; or
 - (ii) NAB Internet Banking; or
 - (iii) NAB Connect.

‘electronic equipment’ means any electronic equipment which may be used in conjunction with a card or card account details including ATMs, EFTPOS terminals, contactless readers, personal computers, telephones, wearable devices or devices with

integrated virtual assistants to carry out an EFT transaction. A PIN may not always be required as part of the authentication method when making purchases/payment via digital wallets (for example on a mobile phone or other electronic device) and/or through devices with integrated virtual assistants.

Alternative authentication methods like a device code or biometric identifier (like fingerprint, voice and facial recognition) may be required in place of a PIN.

‘merchant’ means a provider of goods and services.

‘NAB’ means National Australia Bank Limited ABN 12 004 044 937 and its successors and assigns.

‘Near Field Communication (NFC)’ is a form of contactless communication available on compatible devices such as smartphones, tablets or wearable devices.

‘nominated account’ means an account which can be accessed by using your card and PIN and/or card account details as authorised by the accountholder. This also includes an account that you have designated as your main account under clause 2.

‘PIN’ means the personal identification number allocated by NAB or personally selected by you.

‘receipt’ means a record of an EFT transaction.

‘unauthorised transaction’ means any EFT transaction where:

- (a) you did not engage in or have knowledge of or consent to the EFT transaction even though your card, card account details and/or the correct PIN or contactless authentication method were used to generate the disputed EFT transaction; or
- (b) through a technical malfunction you did use your card, card account details and/or PIN and the EFT transaction entered in your nominated account differs in value from the receipt. Please refer to clause 4.1.

‘you/your’ means a cardholder or an accountholder.

For more information visit

13 10 12

8am – 8pm EST Monday to Friday
or visit us at **nab.com.au**



Hearing impaired customers
with telephone typewriters can
contact us on **1300 363 647**